

Who signed what

Treaty or Convention	Signatory countries
International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights 1966	Jordan, Bahrain, Djibouti, Egypt, Iraq, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, Yemen, Iran, Indonesia, Pakistan, Turkey, Bangladesh
International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights 1966	Jordan, Bahrain, Djibouti, Egypt, Iraq, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, Yemen, Iran, Indonesia, Pakistan, Turkey, Bangladesh
Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights 1966	Algeria, Djibouti, Libya, Somalia, Turkey
Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty 1989	Djibouti, Turkey
International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination 1965	Bahrain, Algeria, Comoros, Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, Yemen, Bangladesh, Iran, Indonesia, Pakistan, Turkey
Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women 1979	Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, Yemen, Bangladesh, Indonesia, Pakistan, Turkey
Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment 1984	Algeria, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, Yemen, Bangladesh, Indonesia, Pakistan, Turkey
Convention on the Rights of the Child 1989	Algeria, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, Yemen, Bangladesh, Iran, Indonesia, Pakistan, Turkey
International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families 1990	Algeria, Comoros, Egypt, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Syria, Bangladesh, Indonesia, Turkey
Convention relating to the Status of Refugees 1951	Algeria, Egypt, Morocco, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia, Yemen, Iran, Turkey
Geneva conventions 1949	Algeria, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, Yemen, Bangladesh, Indonesia, Iran, Pakistan, Turkey
Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflicts 2000	Bahrain, Djibouti, Egypt, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, Yemen, Bangladesh, Indonesia, Pakistan, Turkey
Convention relating to the Status of Stateless Persons 1961	Libya, Tunisia (of only 34 countries that signed the Convention)

Notes:

1. The list focuses on the Arab world as the main focus for our Arabic readership. It also includes five major non-Arabic Islamic countries, namely Bangladesh, Indonesia, Iran, Pakistan and Turkey.

2. All countries listed above, with the exception of Turkey, expressed some reservations regarding any potential implicit recognition of the state of Israel, the equal rights of women or

any contradiction with sharia, as well as the rights of children if, again, they conflict with sharia.

3. The Palestinian National Authority is not entitled to accede to United Nations conventions on human rights or to the International Labour Organization-related conventions. This is why it is the only country in the League of Arab States not to sign any of the treaties and conventions listed above.