Return
voluntary, safe, dignified and durable?

plus mini-feature on:
Towards understanding and addressing the root causes of displacement

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www.fmreview.org/return
Return: voluntary, safe, dignified and durable?

Voluntary return in safety and with dignity as a durable solution to displacement has long been a core tenet of the international refugee regime. In the 23 articles on Return in this issue of FMR, authors explore various obstacles to achieving sustainable return, some of which are common to diverse situations of displacement while others are specific to certain contexts. Many of the authors discuss the need to guard against premature or forced return, and the risks that such returns may entail. They also debate the assumptions and perceptions that influence policy and practice. The examples of good practice and the reflections on research findings presented in this issue are drawn from around the world.

The issue also contains a mini-feature on Towards understanding and addressing the root causes of displacement which has been prepared to inform discussions at the first Global Refugee Forum in December 2019. This collection of articles written by authors from the UN, NGOs and academia aims to enhance collective understanding of some of the root causes of displacement.

The full issue is available at www.fmreview.org/return.

Shared obstacles to return: Rohingya and South Sudanese
Daniel P Sullivan (Refugees International)
The common barriers to return in the cases of Rohingya refugees and South Sudanese IDPs prompt serious questions about how to ensure the safety and voluntariness of returns.
www.fmreview.org/return/sullivan

South Sudanese returns: perceptions and responses
Catherine Huser, Andrew Cunningham, Christine Kamau and Mary Obara (Act Church of Sweden/Lutheran World Federation / Independent consultants)
Gaining insight into the experiences and perceptions of refugees can help ensure programming is better able to support refugees’ durable return and reintegration.
www.fmreview.org/return/huser-cunningham-kamau-obara

Return decision making by refugees
Chloe Sydney (Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre)
There are multiple factors influencing refugees’ decisions to return to their country of origin, not all of which reflect conventional wisdom.
www.fmreview.org/return/sydney

Sri Lankan Tamil refugees in India: return or integration?
Amaya Valcárcel Silvela (Pontifical University of Comillas)
For Tamil refugees, considerations of sustainability affect their decision to remain in India or return to Sri Lanka. Their views and aspirations must inform planning for both integration and repatriation.
www.fmreview.org/return/valcarcelsilvela

Syrians in Germany: individuals’ reasons for returning or remaining
Ahmad Al Ajjan (Bielefeld University)
Syrian refugees in Europe are not one homogenous group but are individuals and families from different parts of Syria who have different experiences in exile and different expectations around return.
www.fmreview.org/return/alajjan
Working with ‘stayee’ communities: learning from Eritrea
Georgia Cole (University of Cambridge)
Better understanding of the perceptions and living conditions of the communities into which returnees will arrive may facilitate better integration of those returning from displacement.
www.fmreview.org/return/cole

Repatriation principles under pressure
Jeff Crisp (University of Oxford)
The laws and norms established by the international community to ensure that organised repatriation takes place in a way that protects the rights of refugees are increasingly being violated.
www.fmreview.org/return/crisp

Durable solutions for returnee children
Stefanie Barratt, Marion Guillaume and Josiah Kaplan (Samuel Hall / Save the Children International)
Durable solutions frameworks for measuring progress towards sustainable return and reintegration fail to specifically consider children’s different needs and experiences.
www.fmreview.org/return/barratt-guillaume-kaplan

Syrian refugees’ return from Lebanon
Tamirace Fakhoury and Derya Ozkul (Lebanese American University / University of Oxford)
Analysis of return practices in Lebanon reveal challenges to voluntary, safe and dignified return.
www.fmreview.org/return/fakhoury-ozkul

Encouraging Syrian return: Turkey’s fragmented approach
Zeynep Sahin Mencutek (University of Duisburg-Essen)
Turkey’s approach to encouraging refugees to return to Syria risks jeopardising the safety and voluntariness of such returns.
www.fmreview.org/return/sahinmencutek

The politics of return from Jordan to Syria
Julia Morris (University of North Carolina Wilmington)
Return preparedness of Syrian refugees has become a prominent issue in Jordan, but the prospect of return raises numerous concerns.
www.fmreview.org/return/morris

Rethinking Somali refugee solutions in Kenya
Peter Kirui and Suzanne Francis (University of Eldoret / University of Chester)
Amid uncertain return conditions, the repatriation of Somali refugees from Kenya risks leading to instances of forced return. Alternative avenues, such as local integration, should be explored.
www.fmreview.org/return/kirui-francis

Educating for return: Somali refugees in Dadaab
Ochan Leomoi, Abdikadir Abikar and HaEun Kim (Borderless Higher Education for Refugees Project / York University)
Finding a ‘durable’ solution for Somali refugees in Dadaab means ensuring they have the knowledge, capacity, confidence and qualifications required for meaningful, lasting return.
www.fmreview.org/return/leomoi-abikar-kim
Forced to return? Facilitated return of refugees to Myanmar
Yuka Hasegawa (UNHCR)
Despite recent political developments in Myanmar and difficult conditions in Thailand, there has been widespread and deep-seated reluctance among refugees to participate in the official facilitated return mechanism.
www.fmreview.org/return/hasegawa

A premature attempt at cessation
Hamsa Vijayaraghavan and Pallavi Saxena (Migration and Asylum Project, M.A.P, Delhi)
There are many lessons to be learned from UNHCR’s controversial – and ultimately reversed – decision to end refugee status for Burmese Chins in India and Malaysia.
www.fmreview.org/return/vijayaraghavan-saxena

Repatriation with dignity
Kerrie Holloway (ODI)
The Rohingya in Bangladesh and Syrians in Lebanon have different expectations of what repatriation 'with dignity' would entail.
www.fmreview.org/return/holloway

Minority return: the way home
Djordje Stefanovic and Neophytos Loizides (University of Adelaide / University of Kent)
Studying cases of successful minority return may help determine what policies could help other potential returnees.
www.fmreview.org/return/stefanovic-loizides

Legal preparedness for return to Syria
Martin Clutterbuck, Laura Cunial, Paola Barsanti and Tina Gewis (Norwegian Refugee Council)
Preparation in terms of legal rights is crucial for Syrian refugees who are planning to return.
www.fmreview.org/return/clutterbuck-cunial-barsanti-gewis

Return to Syria after evading conscription
Ahmad Araman and Shaza Loutfi (Humanitarian Field Coordinator in Syria / Independent)
Syrian refugees who have evaded military service face barriers to return which call into question the viability and sustainability of other refugee returns.
www.fmreview.org/return/araman-loutfi

IDPs of East Beirut versus the Lebanese State
Diala Lteif (University of Toronto)
This year marks the thirtieth anniversary of the Taif agreement that formally ended the Lebanese Civil War of 1975–1990. Three decades later, some communities remain internally displaced because of the actions of the State.
www.fmreview.org/return/lteif

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Emerging options for durable solutions in Darfur
Zurab Elzarov (UN–African Union Mission in Darfur)
IDPs in Darfur continue to face difficulties in securing a durable solution to their displacement. Recent developments may offer new hope for some, but complex challenges remain.
www.fmreview.org/return/elzarov

Political and economic reintegration: key to successful return
Barbra N Lukunka and Peter de Clercq (IOM / University of Witwatersrand)
Refugees and IDPs require national and international actors to make concerted efforts to ensure that they are successfully reintegrated into the economic, social and political landscapes of their countries of origin.
www.fmreview.org/return/lukunka-declercq

Returns in complex environments: the case of South Sudan
Babette Schots and Garth Smith (Danish Refugee Council)
Humanitarian agencies must be extremely cautious about how they support returns and relocations to ensure that they avoid causing harm or allowing humanitarian assistance to be instrumentalised by political actors.
www.fmreview.org/return/schots-smith

Afghan refugees at a UNHCR repatriation centre in Nowshera, near Peshawar, Pakistan, in 2018.
Towards understanding and addressing the root causes of displacement mini-feature

This mini-feature has been prepared to inform discussions at the first Global Refugee Forum in December 2019. With a collection of articles written by authors from the UN, NGOs and academia, the mini-feature aims to enhance collective understanding of some of the root causes of displacement.

Preventing displacement, addressing root causes and the promise of the Global Compact on Refugees
Volker Türk (Executive Office of the UN Secretary-General)
Preventing displacement by addressing its root causes requires a holistic approach and engagement by a wide range of actors. The starting point must be a better understanding of root causes and their complexity.
www.fmreview.org/return/turk

Shifting power and changing practice to support locally led peace building
Alex Shoebridge (Oxfam)
Building sustainable peace requires both a greater awareness of the dynamics of localised conflict and a willingness on the part of external actors to cede control to local actors.
www.fmreview.org/return/shoebridge

Land and conflict: taking steps towards peace
Oumar Sylla, Ombretta Tempra, Filiep Decorte, Clarissa Augustinus and Ismael Frioud (UN-Habitat / Consultants)
Thousands of displaced Yazidis in Iraq have been assisted in making a safe, sustainable return through a project that addressed the complexity of issues around land tenure.
www.fmreview.org/return/sylla-tempra-decorte-augustinus-frioud

Community-level conflict prevention and peace building in DRC and Somalia
Wale Osofisan and Shuna Keen (International Rescue Committee)
There is growing recognition of the need to address the root causes of displacement through the perspective of the humanitarian-development-peace ‘triple nexus’. A locally led programme in DRC and Somalia reflects this approach and offers useful lessons and recommendations.
www.fmreview.org/return/osofisan-keen

Gang violence, GBV and hate crime in Central America: State response versus State responsibility
Vickie Knox (University of London)
Significant displacement is caused in Central America by gang violence, gender-based violence and hate crimes against LGBT+ people but State responses have failed to address their root causes.
www.fmreview.org/return/knox
The Palestinian refugee question: root causes and breaking the impasse
Francesca P Albanese and Damian Lilly (Georgetown University / UNRWA)
Acknowledging the root causes of Palestinian displacement and objectively applying international law will be key to any solution to the Palestinian refugee question. Recent attempts to dismiss the Palestinian refugee issue altogether make this all the more imperative.
www.fmreview.org/return/albanese-lilly

Resilience spaces: rethinking protection
Pablo Cortés Ferrández (Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre)
Collaborative approaches to building capacities of urban IDPs and host communities are emerging as a more effective way of confronting the root causes of protracted and secondary displacement in informal settlements in Colombia.
www.fmreview.org/return/cortesferrandez

As the region of Minawao in Cameroon faces critical deforestation due to global warming and the impact of hosting 56,000 Nigerian refugees, UNHCR and its partners Land Life Company and Lutheran World Federation started a reforestation project in January 2019. Over the next two years, they expect to plant – with the refugees – 20,000 trees in and around the site.

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Forthcoming feature themes

- Cities and towns (February 2020)
- Climate crisis and local communities and Trafficking and smuggling (double feature, June 2020)
- Recognising refugees (October 2020)

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Front cover image

Somali refugees in Dadaab, Kenya, setting out to return to Somalia, 2016.

UNHCR/Assadullah Nasrullah

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